□Co Fiscal	Year E	End	ernment Type City Twp			Level Dali Man			
Fiscal '	Year E	End	☐City ☑Twp			Local Unit Name			County
	ch 3					wnship		Tuscola County	
	irm th	Fiscal Year End Opinion Date March 31, 2008 May 22, 200					Date Audit Report Submitte May 22, 2008	ed to State	
We aff		hat:							
We are	e cert	tified	d public accountants I	licensed to pr	actice in M	ichigan.			
			m the following mater etter (report of comm				sed in the financial statem	nents, includ	ding the notes, or in the
	YES	9	Check each applica	ible box belo	w. (See in:	structions for	further detail.)		
1. [X		All required componer reporting entity notes					ancial state	ments and/or disclosed in the
2. [X [init's unreserved fund bala budget for expenditures.	ances/unres	stricted net assets
3. [× [The local unit is in co	ompliance with	n the Unifo	rm Chart of A	accounts issued by the De	partment o	f Treasury.
4. [\times		The local unit has ad	lopted a budg	et for all re	quired funds	4 *-		
5. [× [A public hearing on the	he budget wa	s held in a	ccordance w	ith State statute.		
6. [× [The local unit has no other guidance as iss				an order issued under the Division.	e Emergeno	ey Municipal Loan Act, or
7. [× [The local unit has no	t been deling	uent in dist	tributing tax r	evenues that were collect	ed for anoth	ner taxing unit.
8. [× [The local unit only ho	olds deposits/	investment	ts that compl	with statutory requireme	nts.	
9. [X						that came to our attentioned (see Appendix H of Bu		in the Bulletin for
10. [X [that have not been p	reviously com	nmunicated	to the Local			uring the course of our audit If there is such activity that has
11. [× [The local unit is free	of repeated o	omments f	rom previous	years.		
12. [X [The audit opinion is I	UNQUALIFIE	D.				
13. [X [The local unit has co accepted accounting			GASB 34 as	modified by MCGAA Sta	tement #7	and other generally
14. [X [The board or council	approves all	invoices pr	rior to payme	nt as required by charter	or statute.	
15. [X [To our knowledge, ba	ank reconcilia	tions that	were reviewe	d were performed timely.		
includ	ded in	in th	of government (authorities or any other audit of the authority and/ogned, certify that this s	t report, nor or commission	do they ob n.	otain a stand	-alone audit, please enc	ndaries of the lose the na	he audited entity and is not ame(s), address(es), and a
We h	ave	enc	losed the following:		Enclosed	Not Require	ed (enter a brief justification)		
Finar	ncial	Stat	tements		\boxtimes				
The I	etter	of (Comments and Recon	nmendations	X	Communic	cation with Those Charge	d with Gove	rnance.
Other (Describe)									
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) Lehn L. King, C.P.A.							Telephone Number 989-635-3113		
Street 353			Street				City	State	Zip
		1	Street Stanture		Pri	nted Name	Marlette	MI License No	48453

Lehn L. King, C.P.A.

A248781

Tuscola County, Michigan

Audited Financial Report March 31, 2008

Lehn L. King Certified Public Accountant Marlette, Michigan

Township of DaytonAnnual Financial Report
For The Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2008

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Phone 989-635-3113 Fax 989-635-5580

Members of the Township Board **Dayton Township** Tuscola County, Michigan

Independent Auditor's Report

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Dayton, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Dayton, Michigan's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluation the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Dayton, Michigan as of March 31, 2008 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis, and the budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Dayton, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 1, the Township has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, and related statements, as of April 1, 2004.

Lehn L. King

Lehn King

Certified Public Accountant

May 22, 2008

Mayville, Michigan

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS LETTER

Our discussion and analysis of the Township of Dayton's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The Township is in a good financial position with a General Fund Balance of \$636,813.

Using this Report

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.34. GASB Statement 34 implements a new model of financial reporting for state and local governments designed to enhance the usefulness of the Township's annual report.

The Township as a Whole

The Township of Dayton's fund balances are as follows:

	N	larch 31, 2008
General Fund - Reserved for Refuse Collection	\$	59,248
General Fund - Designated for Property Acquisition		54,094
General Fund - Unreserved & Undesignated		423,471
Total for Township	\$	536,813

Mayville, Michigan

Governmental Activities

The Township of Dayton's Revenues and Expenditures can be summarized as follows:

	General Fund March 31, 2008			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	\$	560,936		
Revenue Collected				
Intergovernmental Revenue		133,214		
Property Taxes		227,241		
Charges for Services		23,825		
Other		17,876		
Total Revenue Collected		402,156		
Expenditures				
General Government		88,788		
Public Safety		24,158		
Public Works		213,333		
Total Expenditures		326,279		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	636,813		

Mayville, Michigan

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Township of Dayton's 2008/2009 adopted budget is as follows:

	March 31,					
	2009			2008		
Revenue						
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	133,800		\$	133,800	
Property Taxes		111,900			206,900	
Special Assessment - Refuse Collection		90,000			-	
Charges for Services		20,200			19,900	
Other		3,100			3,400	
Total Revenue Collected		359,000			364,000	
Expenditures						
General Government		191,461			124,987	
Public Safety		47,670			38,375	
Public Works - Refuse Collection		110,000			101,430	
Public Works - Other		163,000			174,208	
Total Expenditures		512,131			439,000	
Net Over/Under Budget	\$	(153,131)		\$	(75,000)	

The Township of Dayton's General Fund budget for next year is approximately the same budget as a year ago.

Contacting the Township

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Township Officials.

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) March 31, 2008

	Primary Government
	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 594,114.29
Property Tax Receivable	39,436.04
Prepaid Expenses	7,295.25
Due From Other Funds	4,675.71
Total Assets	645,521.29
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts Payable	8,616.14
Accrued Payroll Taxes	92.32
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	8,708.46
Net Assets (Deficit)	
Restricted - Refuse Collection	59,248.00
Unrestricted	577,564.83
Total Net Assets (Deficit)	\$ 636,812.83

Township of DaytonStatement of Activities

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net (Expense) Revenue &

		Program Revenues Operating Capital						Changes in Net Assets Primary Government		
	E	(Charges for	Grants &		Grants & Contributions		Governmental		
Functions/Programs Primary Government:	Expenses		Services	Contr	ributions	Conti	TIDUTIONS		Activities	
Governmental Activities: General Government	\$ 88,788.08	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(88,788.08)	
Public Safety	24,158.21	Ψ	23,825.37	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	(332.84)	
Public Works	213,332.76						-		(213,332.76)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 326,279.05	\$	23,825.37	\$	-	\$	-		(302,453.68)	
	General Revenues:									
	Property Taxes							\$	227,240.73	
	State Shared Revenu	es							133,213.53	
	Interest								16,349.97	
	Other Revenues								1,526.34	
	Total	General R	evenues, Special	Items & Tr	ansfers				378,330.57	
	Change in Net Assets								75,876.89	
	Net Assets (Deficit) - B	eginning o	of Year					- <u></u>	560,935.94	
	Net Assets (Deficit) - E	nd of Yea	r					\$	636,812.83	

Township of DaytonGovernmental Funds

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet March 31, 2008

	General Fund	Totals Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash & Certificates of Deposit	\$ 594,114.29	\$ 594,114.29
Property Taxes Receivable	39,436.04	39,436.04
Prepaid Expenses	7,295.25	7,295.25
Due From Other Funds	4,675.71	4,675.71
Total Assets	\$ 645,521.29	\$ 645,521.29
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Taxes <u>Total Liabilities</u>	\$ 8,616.14 92.32 8,708.46	\$ 8,616.14 92.32 8,708.46
Fund Equity		
Fund Balances		
- Reserved for Refuse Collection	59,248.00	59,248.00
- Designated for Property Acquisition	54,093.85	54,093.85
- Unreserved & Undesignated	523,470.98	523,470.98
Total Fund Balances	636,812.83	636,812.83
Total Liabilities & Fund Equity	\$ 645,521.29	\$ 645,521.29

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 636,812.83
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) are different because:	
NONE	
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 636,812.83

Township of DaytonGovernmental Funds

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

		Totals
	General	Governmental
	Fund	Funds
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 227,240.73	\$ 227,240.73
State Shared Revenue	133,213.53	133,213.53
Charges for Services	23,825.37	23,825.37
Interest Earnings	16,349.97	16,349.97
Other Revenues	1,526.34	1,526.34
<u>Total Revenues</u>	402,155.94	402,155.94
Expenditures		
General Government	88,788.08	88,788.08
Public Safety	24,158.21	24,158.21
Publics Works	213,332.76	213,332.76
Total Expenditures	326,279.05	326,279.05
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	75,876.89	75,876.89
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	560,935.94	560,935.94
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 636,812.83	\$ 636,812.83

Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 75,876.89
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
NONE	 -
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 75,876.89

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) Fiduciary Funds March 31, 2008

	Fiduciary Fund
	Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>	Trust & Agency Fund
Cash - Savings & Certificates	\$ 4,675.71
<u>Total Assets</u>	\$ 4,675.71
Liabilities & Fund Balance Liabilities Due To Other Funds	\$ 4,675.71
Total Liabilities	4,675.71
Fund Balances Unreserved & Undesignated	
Total Fund Balances	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$ 4,675.71

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the Township of Dayton, Tuscola County, Michigan, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities. The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the Township's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Township of Dayton was incorporated under the laws of the State of Michigan and operates as a General Law Township, with a Township Board form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Township of Dayton (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the Township reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the Township.

Government-wide and Fund Statements Fund

The Government-wide Financial Statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the Township (the primary government). The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (governmental activities) or identifiable activity (business-type activities) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other revenue items properly excluded from program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide Financial Statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

Trust & Agency Fund - The Trust & Agency Fund accounts for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, or other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, special assessments, licenses, charges for services, and interest. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the Township. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Cash - The Township does not pool cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as part of the Township's investments.

Investments - Debt securities are valued at cost since it is generally the policy of the Township to hold such investments until they mature.

Due to and Due From Other Funds - Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Tax Revenues - Property taxes are levied on December 1 based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous December 31. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. A revaluation of all real property must be made every year.

Vacation, Sick Leave, & Other Compensated Absences - The Township does not have any contracts or agreements with its employees or elected officials which require the payment of compensation during absence from duty nor do any such benefits vest to the right of the employee or elected official.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include buildings and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Infrastructure40 yearsBuildings & Building Improvements20 to 40 yearsMachinery & Equipment3 to 10 years

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Long-Term Obligations - In the Government-wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, issuance costs, and the deferred amount on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred amount on refunding. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting Changes

GASB Statement No. 34 – Effective April 1, 2004, the Township implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* (GASB No. 34). Changes to the Township's financial statements as a result of GASB No. 34 are as follows:

- A management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) section providing analysis of the Township's overall financial position and results of operations has been included.
- Government-wide Financial Statements (statement of net assets (deficit) and statement of activities) prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Township's activities have been provided.
- Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets (deficit) includes assets not
 previously accounted for by the Township as well as assets previously reported in the General Fixed Assets
 Account Group. In addition, the governmental activities column includes bonds and other long-term
 obligations previously reported in the General Long-term Debt Account Group.
- The fund financial statements focus on major funds rather than fund types.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The Township is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgeting Act). The following statements represent a brief synopsis of the major provisions of this Act:

- 1. Budgets must be adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 2. The budgets must be balanced. The balanced budget may include a contribution to or appropriation from fund balance.
- 3. The budgets must be amended when necessary.
- 4. Debt cannot be entered into unless permitted by law.
- 5. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- 6. Expenditures cannot be made unless authorized in the budget.
- 7. Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.

In the body of the financial statements, the Township actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The budget is used by the Township Board as a management tool during the year for all budgetary funds. The budgets are adopted on a cash basis, which is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary control is exercised at the departmental level. Budgets for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds are presented in the required supplemental information.

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Township incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

Total Amount of Budget
Appropriations Expenditures Variance

General Fund

NONE

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Refuse Collection – The Township tracks the results of the collection of the special assessment and payment for refuse collection in the General Fund. The Township is required to maintain an accounting system that separately accumulated revenues and expenditures related to refuse collection. The results of refuse collection operations for the year ended March 31, 2008 are as follows:

Accumulated Expenditures over Revenues - April 1, 2007		\$ 59,891
Current Year Special Assessment Revenue	\$ 100,985	
Current Year Expenditures	 101,628	
Current Year Excess of Expenditures over Revenue		 (643)
Accumulated Expenditures over Revenues - March 31, 2008		\$ 59,248

3. Cash and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Local Unit to deposit and invest in the accounts of Federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

There was an investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997. The Board has authorized investment in bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above. The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority. All cash deposits and investments of the Township are held by the Township in the Township's name.

At year end, the deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

		Fiduciary - Trust & Agency Funds		Total	
	vernmental Activities				Primary Government
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 594,114	\$	4,676	\$	598,790

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	Primary Government	
Bank Deposits (Checking & Savings Accounts, CDs)	\$	598,790

The bank balance of the primary government's deposits is \$598,790, of which \$100,000 is covered by federal depository insurance and \$-0- is collateralized with U.S. Treasury securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Township's name.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Township had approximately \$498,790 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Township's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

At year end, there were no investments reported in the basic financial statements.

4. Deficit Fund Balance or Retained Earnings Balances of Individual Funds

None

5. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries, as well as medical and workman's compensation benefits provided to employees. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for the various risks of loss stated above.

Settled claims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of coverage in any of the past three years. There was no reduction in coverage's obtained through commercial insurance during the past year.

6. Reserves, Designations, and Restrictions of Fund Balance and Net Assets

Reserves- Reserved fund balances are legal restrictions on fund balance imposed by sources outside the Township, which typically involve donor restrictions for specific purposes on Township financial resource.

Designations - Designated fund balances are restrictions imposed by the Township on the use of fund balance for specific purposes.

Restricted Net Asset - Restricted Net Assets on the Statement of Net Assets are similar to reserved fund balance in that a portion of net assets are legally restricted for a specific purpose as imposed by sources outside of the Township.

The schedule of reserved, designated and restricted fund balance and net assets is as follows:

	Designated Fund Balance			Reserved Fund Balance		Restricted Net Assets	
Governmental Activities: Refuse Collection	¢		\$	59.248	\$	59.248	
Property Acquisition	\$	54,094	Þ	39,246 -	Þ	<i>39,246</i> -	
	\$	54,094	\$	59,248	\$	59,248	

Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	General Fund				
	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 206,900.00	\$ 206,900.00	\$ 227,240.73	\$ 20,340.73	
State Shared Revenues	133,800.00	133,800.00	133,213.53	(586.47)	
Charges for Services	19,900.00	19,900.00	23,825.37	3,925.37	
Interest Earnings	2,500.00	2,500.00	16,349.97	13,849.97	
Other Revenues	900.00	900.00	1,526.34	626.34	
<u>Total Revenues</u>	364,000.00	364,000.00	402,155.94	38,155.94	
Expenditures					
General Government					
Township Board	23,300.00	23,300.00	4,963.95	18,336.05	
Supervisor	7,591.00	7,591.00	6,743.10	847.90	
Elections	3,500.00	3,500.00	1,199.75	2,300.25	
Cemetery	12,900.00	12,900.00	7,953.53	4,946.47	
Assessor	17,900.00	17,900.00	16,713.19	1,186.81	
Clerk	15,843.00	15,843.00	13,777.95	2,065.05	
Board of Review	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,089.89	410.11	
Treasurer	24,527.00	24,527.00	22,250.64	2,276.36	
Township Hall Expense	10,850.00	13,426.00	10,752.17	2,673.83	
Administration	4,500.00	4,500.00	3,343.91	1,156.09	
Total General Government	122,411.00	124,987.00	88,788.08	36,198.92	
Public Safety					
Planning & Zoning	9,200.00	9,200.00	6,045.21	3,154.79	
Fire Protection	29,175.00	29,175.00	18,113.00	11,062.00	
Total Public Safety	38,375.00	38,375.00	24,158.21	14,216.79	
Public Works					
Roads	155,414.00	155,414.00	108,836.13	46,577.87	
Refuse Collection	102,100.00	102,430.00	101,627.08	802.92	
Street Lights	700.00	700.00	631.20	68.80	
Drains at Large	20,000.00	17,094.00	2,238.35	14,855.65	
Total Public Works	278,214.00	275,638.00	213,332.76	62,305.24	
Total Expenditures	439,000.00	439,000.00	326,279.05	112,720.95	
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(75,000.00)	(75,000.00)	75,876.89	150,876.89	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			560,935.94	560,935.94	
	* (= = 000 00)				

(75,000.00)

636,812.83

\$ 711,812.83

(75,000.00)

Fund Balance - End of Year

LEHN L. KING

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

3531 MAIN STREET MARLETTE, MICHIGAN 48453

Phone 989-635-3113 Fax 989-635-5580

May 22, 2008

Dayton Township

P.O. Box 305 Mayville, Michigan 48744

To Members of the Board:

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Dayton for the year ended March 31, 2008, and have issued my report thereon dated May 22, 2008. Professional standards require that I provide you with the following information related to my audit.

My Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in my engagement letter dated September 25, 2007, my responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. My audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

I performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of my engagement letter, I will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Township of Dayton are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ending March 31, 2008. I noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Audit Adjustments (Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements)

Professional standards require me to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I am pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated May 22, 2008.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with me to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of my professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

Communication of Significant Deficiencies and Material Weaknesses

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, I considered the Township of Dayton's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be significant deficiencies and other deficiencies that I consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. I considered the following deficiencies to be significant deficiencies in internal control:

Preparation of Financial Statements - Management prepares internal financial information to assess operations and the financial position of the Township of Dayton on an ongoing basis. Although the internal financial information is sufficient to operate the Township, it is not presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Township contracts with me, the auditor, to draft the financial statements, including all necessary notes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, since it does not retain staffing that currently have the expertise. I believe this meets the definition of a material weakness under *Statement on Auditing Standards 112*.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. The AICPA Auditing Standards Board issued Statements on Audit Standards (SAS) 112 which establishes standards and provides guidance on communicating matters related to an entity's internal control over financial reporting and is effective for periods ending after December 15, 2006. According to SAS 112, it is considered to be a control deficiency if a client I am auditing has ineffective controls over the preparation of their financial statements such that client controls are absent or controls are not effective in preventing or detecting material misstatements in the preparation of the financial statements, including the related footnotes.

Accrual Adjustments – During the audit, I generally provide significant assistance in identifying and posting accrual adjustments to the accounting records. Accruals represent any adjustments other than cash that impact the accounting records. I bring this to your attention since it meets the above definition on a matter to be communicated.

Segregation of Duties - The relative size of the Township of Dayton limits the extent to which the officials can segregate duties and responsibilities which impairs the basic premise that no one individual should have access to both the physical assets and the related accounting records (or all recording tasks of a transaction from inception to completion).

The Township has implemented mitigating controls to strengthen internal controls and the segregation of duties; however, it must be recognized that the risk of intentional or unintentional errors could be made and not detected in a timely manner.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Dayton Township's internal control.

My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, I believe the significant deficiencies described above to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Dayton Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of the Township of Dayton, and Federal and State agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Lehn L. King

Lehn King

Certified Public Accountant